



# Embracing Informal Transport:

Federal Department of Economic Affairs,

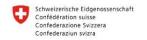
Education and Research EAER

A New Paradigm for Urban Mobility

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#### **INFORMAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT IN AFRICA**





Example of minibus-taxi, photographed in Lagos, Nigeria.



Example of sedan shared-taxi, photographed in Dakar, Senegal.



Example of midibus, photographed in Dakar, Senegal.



Example of motorcycle-taxi, photographed in Lagos, Nigeria.

- 70-90% of PT trips
- IPT will remain dominant for decades to come

#### A CHANGE OF PARADIGM IS NEEDED



- 1. Do we truly understand IPT well enough in Sub-Saharan African cities?
- 2. What practical experiences—
  across Sub-Saharan Africa and
  beyond—show how IPT can be
  enhanced, and what can we learn
  from them?
- 3. So what does a realistic, actionable way forward look like?



### UNDERSTANDING INFORMAL TRANSPORT IN SSATP Africa Transport Policy Program **SUB SAHARAN AFRICA**





## INFORMAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT IS THE BACKBONE OF MOBILITY IN AFRICAN CITIES



	Formal Passenger Transport			Informal Passenger Transport		
City	Commuter Rail	BRT	Formal Bus	Minibus	Shared sedan Taxi	Moto-taxi
Accra	No	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes, but not permitted
Antananarivo	No	No	No	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes, not permitted
Bamako	No	No	No	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes, not permitted
Cape Town	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	No
Dakar	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes
Freetown	No	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes
Gaborone	Yes (intercity)	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	No
Kampala	No	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes
Kigali	No	No	Yes, primary	Not permitted in the city	No	Yes
Lusaka	No	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	Yes
Maputo	Yes	In development	Yes	Yes, primary	No	Yes, not permitted
Maseru	No	No	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes	No
Nairobi	Yes	In construction	Yes	Yes, primary	No	Yes
Nouakchott	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes, primary	Yes

Legend Yes, primary mode

## A SPECTRUM OF INFORMAL PUBLIC TRANSPORT



There is not a binary distinction between informal and formal



Informality of service



Informality of authority

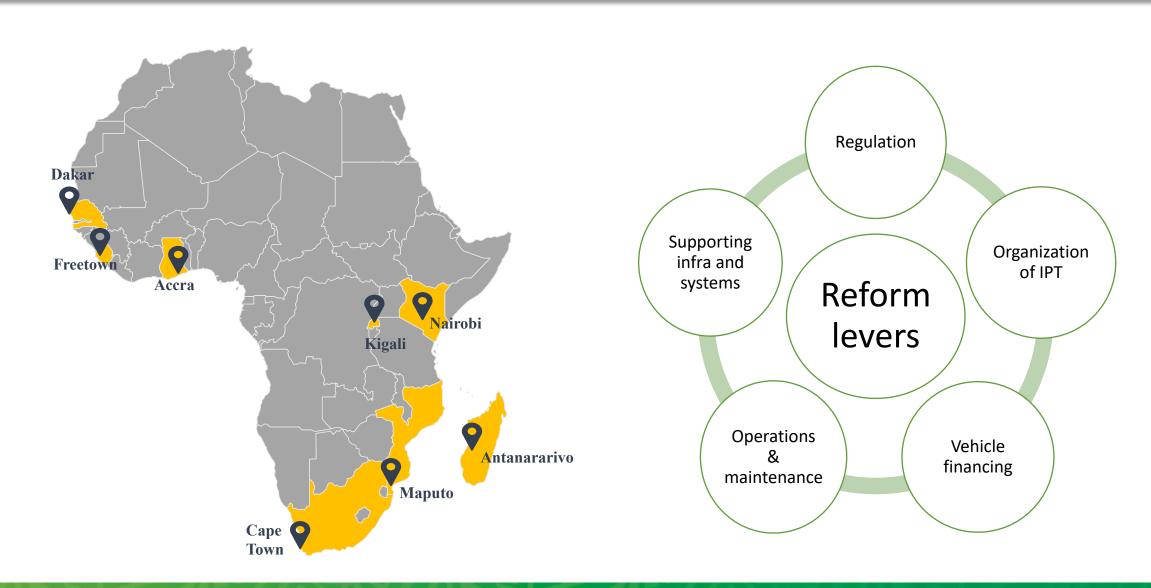


Informality of organization



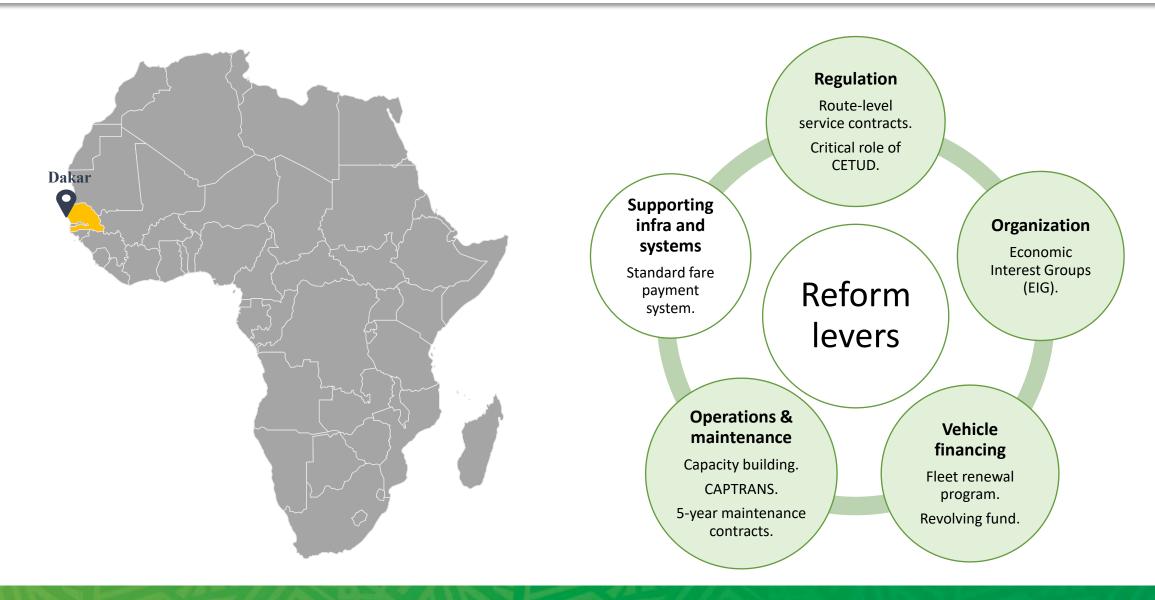
## PRACTICAL EXPERIENCES OF IPT ENHANCEMENT





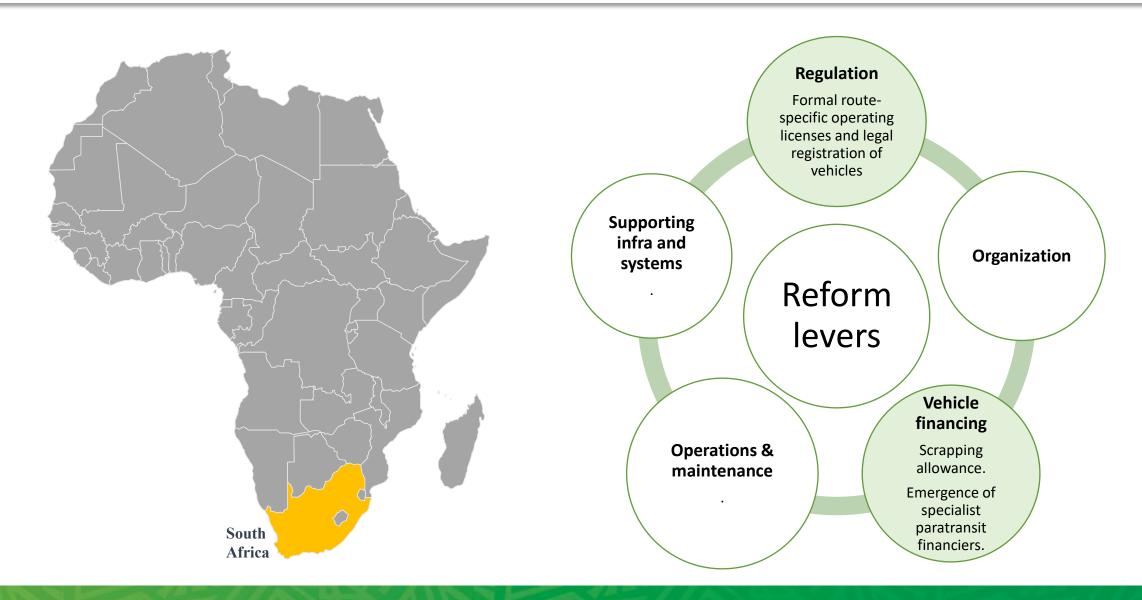
## EFFORTS TO ENHANCE INFORMAL TRANSPORT IN SENEGAL





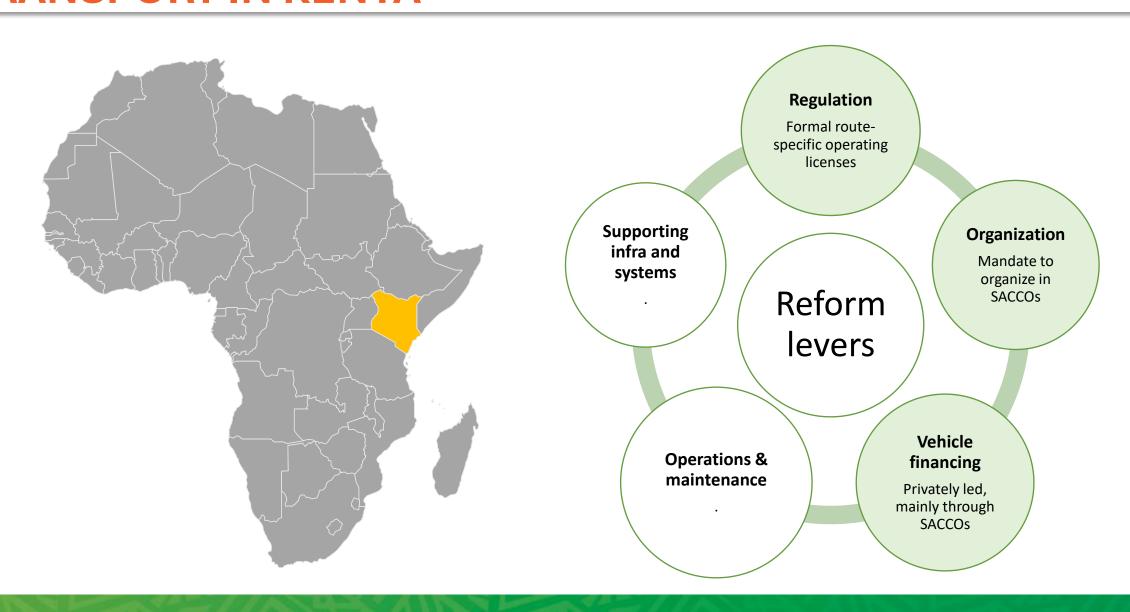
## THE TAXI RECAPITALIZATION PROGRAM IN SOUTH AFRICA





## EFFORTS TO ENHANCE INFORMAL TRANSPORT IN KENYA





## EFFORTS TO ENHANCE INFORMAL TRANSPORT IN MOZAMBIQUE





#### Regulation

Route-level service contracts.
Creation of AMT.

### Supporting infra and systems

Smart-card based electronic ticketing.

### Reform

levers

#### Organization

Creation of 10 cooperatives.

#### Operations & maintenance

Partner provides periodic maintenance service.

### Vehicle financing

Transport Fund organized and underwrote buses bank financing.
Operating lease basis.

#### **LESSONS LEARNED**



- 1. Reforms that permit a more differentiated and incremental approach are likely to better integrate and enhance IPT
- 2. Business models, viability and margins of the various stakeholders need to be adequately considered. Access to affordable vehicle financing.
- 3. Government actors must give direction and enable or drive implementation. Opportunities of bottom-up approaches
- 4. Sustained trust and communication are essential in the process of IPT reform
- 5. Importance and need for capacity building





A clear purpose and required outcomes: defining the role of IPT in urban transport policy and planning

Strategies for implementing reforms: a **programmatic** view of IPT enhancement

Moving from Strategy to Practical Measures: A Reform Levers Toolkit





1

A clear purpose and required outcomes: **defining the role of IPT in urban transport policy and planning** 

 IPT: from invisible to become much more central to urban transport policy and planning

 Urban transport policy in SSA should follow two tracks:

• One to develop the formal modes

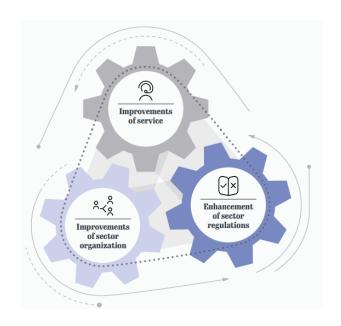
• Other to raise the standard of IPT

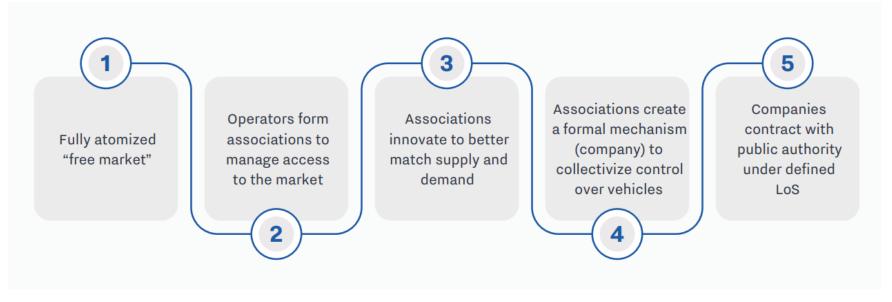




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#### Strategies for implementing reforms: a programmatic view of IPT enhancement







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### Moving from Strategy to Practical Measures: A **Reform Levers Toolkit**

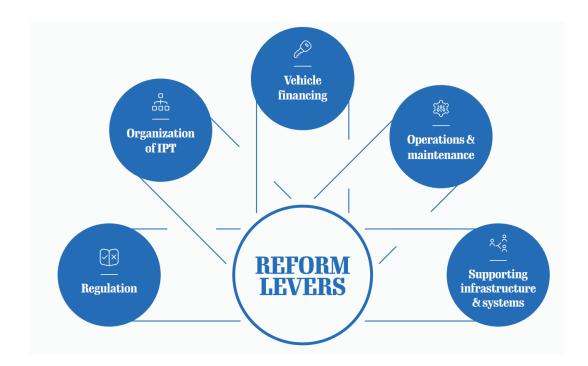


TABLE 2. Toolbox of reform levers for minibus-based IPT observed in practice

Category	Available reform levers			
Regulation	<ul> <li>Introduce route-based licenses</li> <li>Strengthen contracts/service agreements</li> <li>Align permit numbers with actual need, but avoid creating an illegal market for permits</li> <li>Effectively enforce operations and vehicles</li> <li>Root out corruption</li> <li>Strengthen the capacity of transport authorities (or establish them, if needed)</li> </ul>			
Organization of the IPT sector	Change the corporate form of IPT groupings Strengthen the business model with organizational and operational capability Professionalize the people, processes, and systems Establish standards, with incentives to achieve them (positive and negative) Move to centralize revenues Move workers onto employee contracts			
Vehicle financing	<ul> <li>Develop vehicle purchase schemes, including versions with revolving funds</li> <li>Develop vehicle scrappage schemes</li> <li>Implement operating lease schemes, with maintenance, and asset transfer after time</li> <li>Shift to larger, newer vehicles</li> </ul>			
Operations and maintenance	Optimize resources and consolidate     Reduce over-supply and idle time     Reduce fuel consumption through better driving and vehicle maintenance     Provide/improve basic maintenance facilities, in particular more preventive maintenance, less run-to fail			
Supporting infrastructure and systems	Develop/improve terminals, customer, and staff facilities  Manage activities for better flow  Improve road conditions, traffic management, and enforcement, alleviate congestion, including providing prioritization infrastructure for public transport  Map and quantify services, routes, terminals, stops  Measure demand/supply patterns to assist in service planning and resource optimization  Use IT, ITS for data gathering, tracking, customer information, etc  Implement cashless payment systems, including smart cards, mobile phones, apps, etc.			

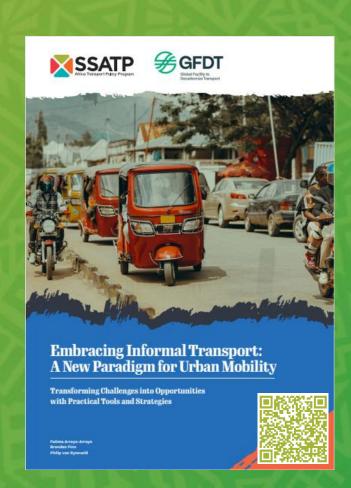
#### **CONCLUSIONS**



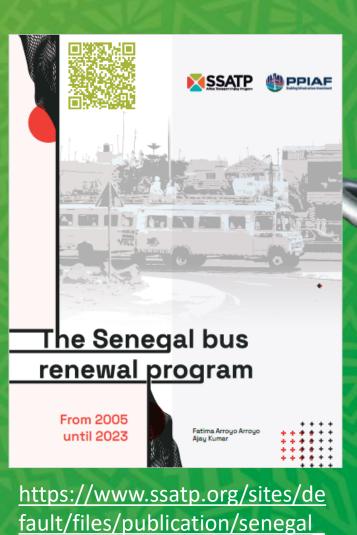
- Need to change the paradigm of IPT
- SSA experiences are a source of inspiration for other cities in Africa
- Emerging toolbox of reform levels

#### **PUBLICATIONS**





https://www.ssatp.org/sites/ default/files/publication/Emb racing-IPT.pdf



Minibus web single.pdf











